# Ultrasonic Sensor (HART)

1500 - LEVEL - DISTANCE - MODULAR - ECONOMIC

**MEUS** 

#### **Characteristics** - Input: Ultrasonic echo - Ranges 30...400 mm up to 300...3500 mm 4...20 mA (HART), 3-wire system - Output: - Voltage supply: 24 VDC ±10% - Accuracy: see technical details - Process connection: M30x1,5 / M18x1 - Electrical connection: M12 male, 8-pole - Temperature range: -15...+70 °C (operating temperature) 2 electronically (NPN / PNP) - Limit value contacts: - Adjustment: keys / software - Material: Standard: stainless steel / Option: synthetic

#### 🕨 Technical Data

Input							
Signal: Ranges: <b>Attention:</b> Plastic as Emitting angle:	Ultrasonic echo Type 49-40: 30400 mm (minimum range: 30 mm) Type 49-160: 801600 mm (minimum range: 800 mm) Type 49-350: 3003500 mm (minimum range: 300 mm) material option can cause deviations from the listed ranges. 8°						
Output							
Current signal: Current range: Signal on error:	<ul> <li>420 mA with superimposed communication signal HART, 3-wire system</li> <li>3,820,5 mA</li> <li>3,6 mA (sensor short circuit, underflow)</li> <li>21 mA (sensor break, sensor open circuit, overflow)</li> </ul>						
Performance							
Ultrasonic sensor:	Linearity deviation: Repeatability:	Type 49-40: <0,3% Type 49-160: <0,5% Type 49-350: <0,5% Type 49-40: ±1 mm, ±0,2% Type 49-160: ±2 mm, ±0,2% Type 49-350: ±2 mm, ±0,4%					
	Temperature comper Response time t90:						
	Reference temperatu						

#### Applications

The MEUS is suitable for distance and level measurement, belt tension control or presence recognition. With it's two configurable limit value contacts and the integrated display, the ultrasonic sensor is also suitable for applications with higher requirements.



Ultrasonic Sensor (HART)

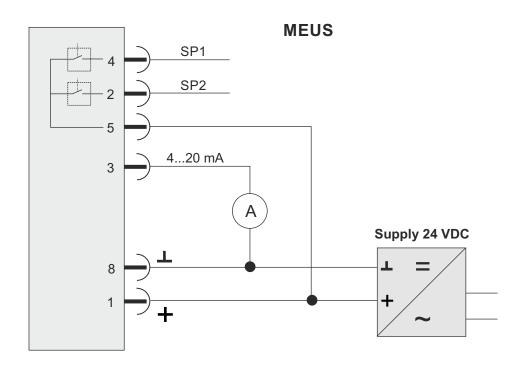
### Technical Data (Continued)

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Performance (Contin	•
Measuring amplifier:	Accuracy:0,3% of rangeResolution:16 BitFilter setting:099 sTransmission behaviour: linear with distanceMeasuring rate:10 measurements / s
Adjustment:	keys on display / via software (HART communication) Turn-on delay time: <5 s Response time: 20 ms
Indicator / limit values	: Resolution: -99999999 digit Error of measurement: ±0,2% of range, ±1 digit Temperature drift: 100 ppm/K
Indication	
Display: Head of display: Memory: Indication: Decimal point:	7 segment, 8,5 mm, red, 4 digits, representation mirror-inverted 180° possible rotatable approx. 330° minimum / maximum values - measuring value - unit of measurement - control menu automatically or manually, dependent on measuring range / unit
Limit Contacts	
Electronically: Indication: Voltage across:	2x PNP or NPN (30 VDC, 200 mA) Option: 2x PNP or NPN (30 VDC, 1000 mA) 1 LED red for each limit value <1 V
Settings: Setting range: Switching delay: Failsafe function:	with 3 keys (TouchM-Technology) switch point and hysteresis: any value within measuring range 0,0999,9 s adjustable switching outputs are concreted from measuring amplifier
Galvanical insulation:	switching outputs are separated from measuring amplifier
Supply Voltage:	24 VDC ±10%
Current consumption: Reverse battery prote	<70 mA (without limit value contacts) ction: available (no function, no damage)
Ambient Conditions	
Temperature:	Operating range:-15+70 °CSensing head:-15+70 °CStoring:-15+70 °C
Water, water vapour: Mechanics	50 °C maximum at Sensing head
Dimensions:	see page 4
Process connection:	Type 49-40, Typ 49-160: M18x1 Type 49-350: M30x1,5
Electrical connection: Material:	M12 male, 8-pole Process connection: Standard: stainless steel 1.4571 Option: PA6 / PVC / POM Body: PBT Gf30
Weight:	Head of display: Polycarbonate (makrolon) Type 49-350: stainless steel: ca. 240 g / synthetic: ca. 180 g Type 49-200: stainless steel: ca. n/a g / synthetic: ca. n/a g Type 49-40: stainless steel: ca. n/a g / synthetic: ca. n/a g
Fitting position: System pressure: Protection of device:	any (avoid deposition on sound exit area) 10 bar maximum Ingress protection: Electronics at least IP 65
	Process connection IP 67
Programmable Featu	
Measuring amplifier:	Measuring range start (LRV) / Measuring range end (URV) / Adjustment, simulation of
	output current / Filter function / Linear output signal / HART address / 2-point calibration
Display:	range of indication / time of indication / decimal point / units / stabilisation of zero point / locking of programming / calibration points / TAG number

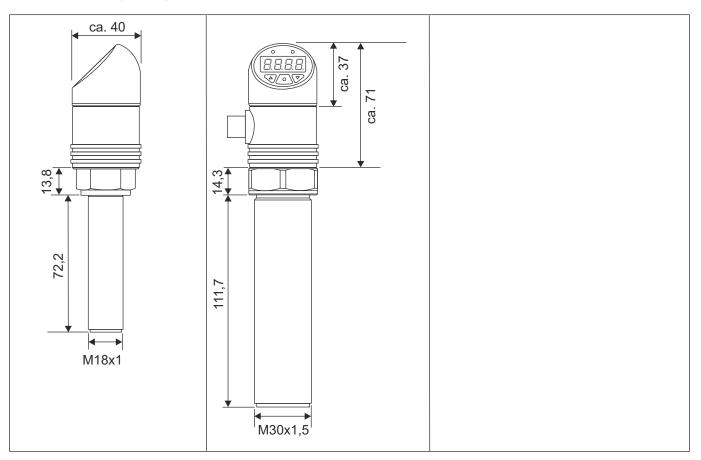
### Electrical Connection

Assignment plug M12x1, 8-pole						
420 mA HART	Electronical limit value contacts	Supply				
+ - 3 8		+ ⊥ 1 8				

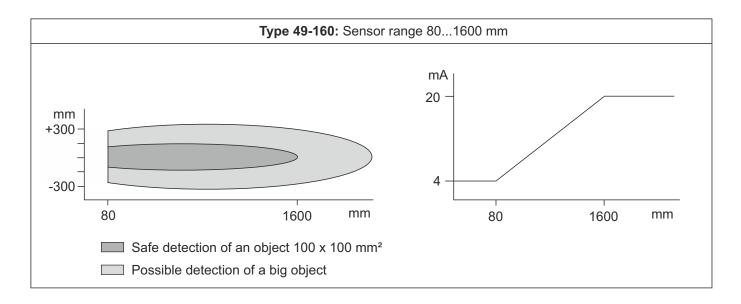
### Electrical Connection (Example)

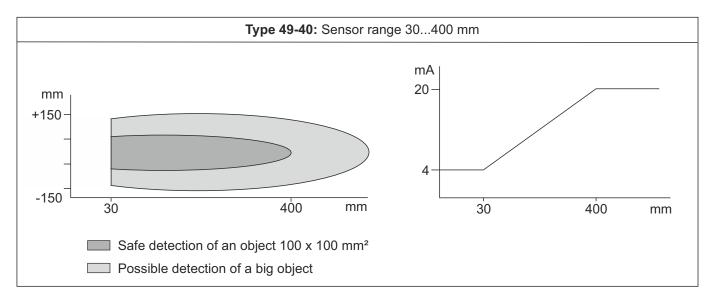


## Dimensions (in mm)

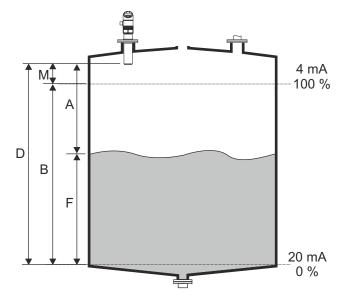


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#### Ultrasonic Measuring Principle (Example Level Measuring)



- A: Distance from sensor membrane to product surface
- F: Level
- B: Measuring range (full distance)
- M: Minimum distance from sensor membrane to maximum level
- D: Empty distance

Principle of the signal transit time:

The sensor of the MEUS transmits ultrasonic pulses in the direction of the product surface. There the ultrasonic pulses are reflected back and received by the sensor. The MEUS measures the time (t) between pulse transmission and reception. By means of the velocity of sound the distance between the sensor membrane and the product surface is calculated.

A = c (velocity of sound) x t/2

The empty distance (D) is known, so that the level can be calculated.

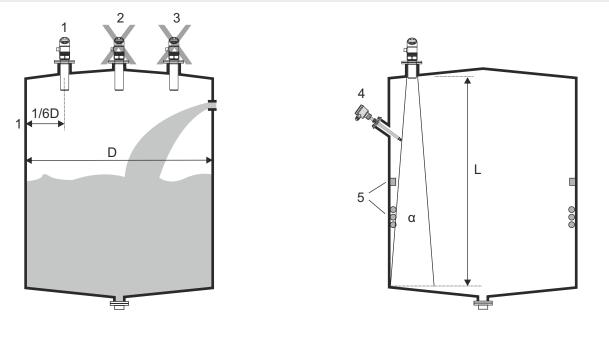
F = D - A

A possible change in the velocity of sound, which is caused by a temperature change, is compensated by an integrated temperature sensor.

Minimum distance M: in this range the sensor cannot carry out distance measurements, because the level echos cannot be evaluated due to the transient characteristics of the sensor.

### Tips for Mounting

#### **Example: Conditions for Level Measurements**



D = Tank diameter

L = max. coverage

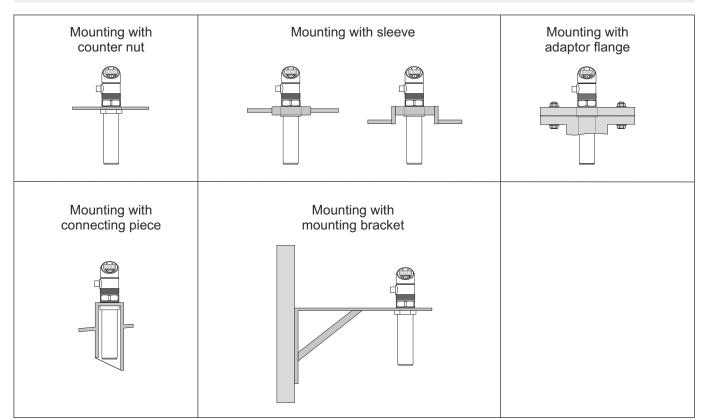
 $\alpha$  = Emitting angle of the sensor

Do not mount the sensor in the middle of the tank (2). Advantageous is a distance between sensor and the tank wall of 1/6 of the tank diameter (1).

Avoid measurements through the filling curtain (3).

Things built in such as temperature sensors should not be within the emitting angle of the ultrasonic sensor (4). In particular symmetrical equipment such as heating coils or baffles (5) can influence measurement.

It is only allowed to use always one sensor in one tank as otherwise two signals may affect each other.



#### Example: Mounting Variants

Order Code		0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
			Λ							
Input:	Ultrasonic echo			0						
Measuring range:	30400 mm (M18x1) 801600 mm (M18x1) 3003500 mm (M30x1,5)				0 1 2					
Material process connect	ion: Stainless steel 1.4571 (Standard) Synthetic material PA6 Synthetic material PVC Synthetic material POM					1 2 3 4				
Limit value contacts:	2x PNP, 30 VDC, 200 mA (Standard 1x PNP, 30 VDC, 200 mA Without 2x NPN, 30 VDC, 200 mA 1x NPN, 30 VDC, 200 mA 2x PNP, 30 VDC, 1000 mA 1x PNP, 30 VDC, 1000 mA 2x NPN, 30 VDC, 1000 mA 1x NPN, 30 VDC, 1000 mA	d)					0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
Electrical connection:	M12, 8-pole							2		
Configuration:	Factory setting <sup>1)</sup> Customized (to specify) <sup>2)</sup>								1 2	
Special model:	No Yes (to specify)									(

 Maximum measuring range (LRL...URL) / Customized measuring range (LRV...URV) = maximum measuring range / Filter (damping) 0,1 s / Limit value 1: switch point 40%, reset point 20% Limit value 2: switch point 80%, reset point 60%

2) Details according to the technical data. Not given values get the factory configuration.

### Accessories:

DEV-HM: Interface HART, USB, software

Order No.: 01310-00220

#### HART Communication

The HART-Tool is a graphical menu-driven program. It can be used for start-up, configuration, signal analysis, data backup and device documentation. Operating systems: Windows 2000, XP, Windows 7, 8.1 and 10. Connection via HART interface (modem) with USB interface of a PC or hand-held HART communicator							
Possible settings are:							
<ul> <li>Adjustment of output current</li> <li>Limits of nominal measuring range (URI</li> <li>Limits of measuring range (LRV, URV)</li> <li>10-point calibration (linearization)</li> </ul>		- Filter function - HART address					
<b>Please note:</b> When using communication via a HART modem, a communication resistance of $250 \Omega$ has to be taken into account.							

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